

# How to configure an Anybus PROFIBUS Slave module with a Siemens Step7 PLC







### **Document history**

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# More information about the network and products

The latest manuals and GSD files for the Anybus PROFIBUS modules can be found on the HMS homepage www.Anybus.com.

The PROFIBUS user organisation has a homepage on the Internet: www.PROFIBUS.com

Several technical guides are available in or via this page.

For information concerning the PLC and the PROFIBUS master system refer to the Siemens homepage http://www.automation.siemens.com/\_en/portal/index.htm.



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# **1** Applicable Anybus products

| Description          | Name / Type |
|----------------------|-------------|
| Anybus X-gateway     | PROFIBUS    |
| Anybus Communicator  | PROFIBUS    |
| Anybus-S Slave DP-V1 | PROFIBUS    |
| Anybus-CompactCom    | PROFIBUS    |
| Anybus-IC            | PROFIBUS    |
| Anybus -PCI          | PROFIBUS    |

# 2 Requirements

| Description  | Name / Type       | Version             |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|
| Siemens S7 PLC   | CPU 315-2 DP      | 6ES7 315-2AF02-0AB0 |
| Siemens PLC programming cable  | n.a.              | n.a.                |
| PC with Siemens PLC programming software   | Simatic Step7     | 5.4.1.0             |
| PROFIBUS slave module  | Anybus-S PROFIBUS | 1.3                 |
| GSD file for the Anybus-S Slave Interface, Anybus-<br>PCI, Anybus-IC and the X-gateway Slave Interface | HMS_1013.GSD      | 1.5                 |
| GSD file for the Anybus Communicator   | HMS_1803.GSD      | 1.2                 |
| GSD-file for the Anybus CompactCom   | HMS_1811.gsd      | 2.08                |
| GSD-file for the Anybus-IC   | HMS_1810.gsd      | 1.1                 |
| Anybus-S Parallel Design Guide   | Design Guide      | 1.13                |
| Anybus-S Fieldbus Appendix PROFIBUS  | Fieldbus Appendix | 1.2                 |
| PROFIBUS standard cable  | n.a.              | n.a.                |
| PROFIBUS D-SUB contacts  | n.a.              | n.a.                |
| Power supply 24VDC   | n.a.              | n.a.                |

Note: The GSD files can be downloaded at the website www.Anybus.com.



## **3** Solution overview

Below you find an overview of the system configuration that is described in this document. In this case the Anybus Slave module is used as an example. Other nodes may be attached to the network, but are not necessary.

**Note:** This document is valid for all Anybus Slave PROFIBUS modules. However sections written in *italics and blue text* describe the configuration of a specific product.



Figure 1 Hardware connection overview.



# 4 Hardware Configuration

### 1.1. Anybus module settings

#### Anybus Communicator and the X-gateway:

For the Anybus Communicator and the Anybus X-gateway the address is set by switches. See the description of the Anybus Slave below. In the case with the Communicator the configuration can also be done by mailbox commands.

#### Anybus-PCI, Anybus-IC and the Anybus-CompactCom:

For the Anybus-PCI, IC and CompactCom the address is set by the application. See the respective manual or addendum for more details.

#### Anybus-S Slave:

The address setting is done with the two rotary switches on the Anybus Slave module. However in some applications the application interface is used to set the addresses with software. The address is set to 1 in this example.

The Anybus-S Slave Interface also has a terminating switch.

- The terminating switch should be set to "ON" if:
  - $\circ$  The module is the last node on the network => physical end of the bus.
  - No other termination is used at this end of the network.
- The terminating switch should be set to "OFF" if:
  - There are other nodes on both sides of the module in the network.
  - The module is the last node on the network and a PROFIBUS D-SUB connector is used which is equipped with a built in and activated termination.



Figure 2 Anybus-S PROFIBUS hardware settings.

Note: The PROFIBUS network must always be terminated at both ends.



### 1.2. PLC configuration

The PLC system hardware configuration is done solely with the Siemens Step7 tool.

In order to configure the bus it is necessary to set up the PLC and master hardware first. In this example we are using an S7315-2 CPU and a 2A power supply with a standard rack. Start the Simatic software and start a new project. Right click on PROFIBUS and insert a Simatic 300 Station as shown below.



#### Figure 3 Inserting a new PLC.

Then double click on the new SIMATIC 300 station and on Hardware to open the hardware configuration.

| SIMATIC Manager - Profibus                       | 🗮 HW Config - [SIMATIC 300(1) (Configuration) Profibus]                                 |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Elle Edit Insert PLC View Options Window Help    | Illi Station Edit Insert PLC View Options Window Help<br>□ 😂 🖫~ 🗟 🖏 🚳 🗈 🗈 🛍 🏜 🌆 🗊 🗊 🕄 🕅 |  |  |
| C C:\Program Files\Siemens\Step7\s7proj\Profibus | (0) UR<br>1 PS 307 2A   |  |  |
| Profibus Hardware CPU 315-2 DP                   | 2 DP<br>2 DP<br>3<br>4<br>5   |  |  |

Figure 4 Opening the hardware configuration. The right figure shows the network when completed.



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| 🙀 HW Config - [SIMATIC 300(1) (Configuration) Profibus] |   |   | ΞX         |
|---|---|---|------------|
| 🕅 Station Edit Insert PLC View Options Window Help      |   |   | - 8 ×      |
|   |   |   |            |
|   |   |   |            |
|   | Eind:   |   | mt mi      |
|   | Profile:  | Standard  | -          |
| DP, PROFIBUS master<br>Module.                          |   | CPU 314C-2 PP<br>CPU 314C-2 PP<br>CPU 315<br>CPU 315-2AF00-0AB0<br>6ES7 315-2AF01-0AB0<br>6ES7 315-2AF02-0AB1<br>6ES7 315-2AF03-0AB0<br>6ES7 315-2AF82-0AB0<br>6ES7 315-2AF82-0AB0<br>6ES7 315-2AF82-0AB0<br>6ES7 315-2AF82-0AB0<br>6ES7 315-2AF82-0AB0<br>CPU 315-2 PN/DP<br>CPU 315-2 PN/DP<br>CPU 316<br>CPU 316-2 DP<br>CPU 316-2 DP<br>CPU 316-2 DP<br>CPU 316-2 DP<br>CPU 317-2 PN/DP<br>CPU 318-2<br>CPU 317-3 PN/DP<br>CPU 318-2<br>CPU 317-2 PN/DP<br>CPU 318-2<br>CPU 317-2 PN/DP<br>CPU | ~          |
|   | - 🕀 🖨 Ga  | teway<br>300  |            |
| SIMATIC 300(1)  |   | -EXTENSION  |            |
| Slot Designation  | PS  | -300<br>PS 307 10A  |            |
|   | <u> </u>  | PS 307 2A   |            |
|   | RA<br>B<br>B<br>B<br>B<br>SIMAT<br>B<br>SIMAT<br>B<br>SIMAT | PS 307 5A<br>CK-300<br>Rail<br>I-300<br>IC 400<br>IC PC Based Control 300/4<br>IC PC Station  | 00         |
|   | 6ES7 315-2A   | F02-0AB0<br>pemory: 0.3 ms/1000   | ₹ <u>≺</u> |
|   | instructions; f   | MPI + DP connections; for<br>figuration up to 32 modules  |            |
| Press F1 to get Help.                                   |   |   | Chg        |

Figure 5 Adding the hardware to the configuration.

Add a rail, the power module and the PLC as shown above. The next step is to double click on the DP, PROFIBUS master, module to configure the PROFIBUS network. Click on properties in the dialogue as shown below.

| Properties - DP - (RO/S2.1)   | Properties - PROFIBUS interface DP (R0/S2.1)                                  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| General Addresses Operating Mode Configuration                        | General Parameters  |  |  |  |
| Short Description: DP   | Address: If a subnet is selected,<br>the next available address is suggested. |  |  |  |
| Order No.:           Name:  | Subnet  |  |  |  |
| Interface<br>Type: PROFIBUS<br>Address: 2<br>Networked: No Properties | - not networked - New Properties Dejete                                       |  |  |  |
|   |   |  |  |  |
| OK Cancel Help  | OK Cancel Help  |  |  |  |

Figure 6 Changing the properties of the PROFIBUS module and defining a new PROFIBUS network.

Then click on new to define a new network.



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| Properties - New sub                                    | net PROFIBUS                                       | P   | Properties - New subnet PRC  | DFIBUS   | X             |
|---|--|-----|------------------------------|--|---------------|
| General Network Settin                                  | gs   | , 1 | General Network Settings     |  |               |
| <u>N</u> ame:<br><u>S</u> 7 subnet ID:<br>Project path: | PROFIBUS(2) 0017 - 0005 Profibus                   |     | Highest PROFIBUS<br>Address: | 126 💌 🗖 Change   | Options       |
| Storage location<br>of the project:<br><u>A</u> uthor:  | ,<br>C\Program Files\Siemens\Step7\s7proj\Profibus |     | <u>T</u> ransmission Rate:   | 45.45 (31.25) Kbps<br>93.75 Kbps<br>187.5 Kbps<br>500 Kbps<br>1.5 Mbps |               |
| Last modified:<br><u>C</u> omment                       | 07/09/2007 12:36:17 PM                             |     | <u>P</u> rofile:             | DP<br>Standard<br>Universal (DP/FMS)<br>User-Defined                   | Bus Desembles |
| OK  | Cancel Help  |     | ОК                           | [  | Cancel Help   |

Figure 7 Configuring the properties of the PROFIBUS network.

Select the desired settings and press OK. When the PLC hardware is set up it will look like described in the figure below.

| B∰ H₩  | Config - [SIMATIC 300(1 | ) (Configuration) ABS_App | lication]   |           |           |   |                    | _ B ×   |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|---|--------------------|---|
| <u>u</u> y <u>s</u> ta   |                         |                           |             |           |           |   |                    |   |
|  |                         |                           | <u> </u>    |           |           |   |                    |   |
|  |                         |                           |             |           |           |   | ≜<br><u>P</u> rofi | le Standard 💌   |
| 0 UR           1         PS 307 2A           2         CPU 315-2 DP           3         A4           5         5           6         7           8         2 |                         |                           |             |           |           | PROFIBUS DP     SIMATIC 300     SIMATIC 400     SIMATIC PC Based Control 300/400     SIMATIC PC Station |                    |   |
|  | (0) UR                  |                           |             |           |           |   |                    |   |
| Slot   | Module                  | Order number              | MPI address | I address | Q address | Comment   |                    |   |
| 1  | PS 307 2A               | 6ES7 307-1BA00-0AA0       |             |           |           |   |                    |   |
| 2  | CPU 315-2 DP            | 6ES7 315-2AF02-0AB0       | 2           |           |           |   |                    |   |
| X2   | DP Master               |                           |             | 1023*     |           |   |                    |   |
| 3  |                         |                           |             |           |           |   | -                  |   |
| 4  |                         |                           |             |           |           |   | -                  |   |
| 5  |                         |                           |             |           |           |   | - 11               |   |
| <u>b</u><br>7  |                         |                           |             |           |           |   | -                  |   |
| $\frac{7}{8}$  |                         |                           |             |           |           |   |                    |   |
| 9  |                         |                           |             |           | -         |   |                    |   |
| 10   |                         |                           |             |           |           |   |                    |   |
| 11   |                         |                           |             |           |           |   | PRC<br>M7,         | )FIBUS-DP slaves for SIMATIC S7,<br>and C7 (distributed rack) |
| Press F1   | to get Help.            |                           |             |           |           |   |                    |   |

Figure 8 PLC with empty bus.



# **5 PROFIBUS** configuration

### 1.3. Importing the GSD file

It is necessary to import the Anybus GSD-file to the configuration tool in order to include the Anybus Module. In this case an Anybus Slave module is added as a slave in the network. The GSD-files can be downloaded at HMS<sup>1</sup> webpage.

**Note:** After downloading the GSD-file has to be renamed. The SIMATIC software does not accept file names longer then 12 characters.



Figure 9 Install a new GSD file in "HW Config".

### 1.4. Configuring the Anybus module

The Anybus module can be found in the hardware catalogue after the GSD file has been imported.



#### Figure 10 The Anybus module in the Hardware Catalogue.

It is now possible to include the Anybus slave in the network.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> www.Anybus.com

www.anybus.com



Open up the "Anybus-S PDP" entry in the hardware catalogue and drag and drop the Anybus module on to the network, see description in Figure 11.



Figure 11 Drag and drop the Anybus module to the network.

It is then necessary to configure the Anybus module itself. The only configuring to be done is setting up the node address, input and output data area sizes and offset address.

In Figure 12 it is shown how to edit the node address. The edit-window for the node address is opened by doing the click sequence  $\mathbf{0}$ ,  $\mathbf{O}$ ,  $\mathbf{O}$ . At  $\mathbf{O}$  it is possible to set the desired node address. The address set here must equal the address set on the Anybus-S module, see the chapter 1.1 Anybus module setting.

| HW Config - [SIMATIC 300(1) (Configuration) ABS_Application]   | _ 6 ×  |
|--|--|
| Bung Station Edit Inseit PLC View Options Window Help  | _ <u>_</u> 8_×   |
|  |  |
| Image: Contract of the system (1)         PROFIBUS(1): DP master system (1)           1         PS 307 2A         PROFIBUS(1): DP master system (1)           2         DP Monter         PROFIBUS(1): DP master system (1)           3         4         PROFIBUS(1): DP master system (1)           5         6         PROFIBUS(1): DP master system (1)           8         PROFIBUS(1): DP master system (1)         PROFIBUS(1): DP master system (1)  | Profile Standard      Profile Standard |
| Properties - DP slave  | x I  |
| General  |  |
| Module   | es - PROFIBUS interface ANYBUS-S PDP   |
| Order Number: GSE file (type file): HMS_1003.G:<br>Earnity: General General  | Parameters   |
| DP Slave Type: ANYBUS-S FDP  |  |
| Designation: ANYBUS-S PDP  |  |
| Addresses Station Frans  | mission rate:1.5 Mbit/s  |
| S Diagnostic Address: 1022 EROFIBUS 1  | et C   |
| DP Master System: 1  | not networked  |
| SYNC/FREEZE Capabilities   | Properties   |
| 5         Image: Synchronized synchrolis synchrolis synchronized synchrolized synchronized synchronized | Deete  |
| 7<br>8 Comment:  |  |
| 3  |  |
| 1  | E.   |
| 1 OKOH   | Avbryt Hjälp   |
|  |  |

Figure 12 Adjusting the node address in HW Config.



### 5.1.1 I/O configuration

The choice of module(s) you like to use depends on what your application demand is. It is possible to choose these modules freely and to compose the I/O sizes needed, se examples below in table 1.

| Bytes needed by the application | Modules to use                     |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 4 In + 2 Out                    | 4 In + 2 Out                       |
| 7 In + 12 Out                   | 4 In + 2 In + 1 In + 8 Out + 4 Out |
| 32 In + 32 Out                  | 32 In/Out                          |
| 68 In                           | 64 In + 4 In                       |

**Note:** Reading or writing more than four bytes consistent data from the I/O image, see the next chapter. *For all Anybus PROFIBUS modules except the Anybus-CompactCom, more than 2 bytes of consistent data is only supported when using the Universal module.* 

Expand the Anybus-S PDP tree in the navigation list to the right. The modules are then composed together in the "module list" of the Anybus as shown in the figure below.



Figure 13 Selecting In and Out modules with "Drag and Drop".

By double clicking on a module in the "module list" it is possible to set the offset addresses. See example in Figure 14.



| Properties - DP slave                           |         | ×   |
|---|---------|---|
| Address / ID                                    |         |   |
| 1/0 Type: Input                                 | F       | Direct Entry  |
| Input<br>Address: Length:                       | Unit    | Consistent over:  |
| Start: End: 261<br>Process Image Partition No.: | Words 💌 | Unit  |
| Data for Specific <u>M</u> anufacturer:         |         | (Maximum 14 bytes hexadecimal,<br>separated by comma or blank<br>space) |
| ОК  |         | Cancel Help   |

Figure 14 Adjusting the offset address.

The offset addresses can be chosen freely but certain restrictions may apply depending on what CPU is used.

When all the above settings are done it is possible to perform a download of the configuration to the PLC. Press the Save and Compile button and then the download button.



Figure 15 Downloading the configuration to the PLC.

The bus will then go online and start data exchange when the PLC is set to run mode.





The S7 PLC can read out one, two or four bytes consistent from the I/O-image directly by accessing the data as a Byte, a Word or a Double Word as described in the previous chapter, 5.1.1. This is the normal usage and fits most applications. However if it is required to read out other consistent data areas it is necessary to use the System Function Blocks SFC14 and SFC15. Below follows a description of these function blocks.

The first thing that has to be done is to specify the consistent data area in the hardware configuration. The "Universal Module" can be selected with "drag and drop" as shown in Figure 16.

| Image:         | By HW Config - [SIMATIC 300[1] (Configuration) ABS_Application]   |  |
|---|---|--|
| DUUB         PROFIBUSITI DP matter system (1)           2         CPU 315.2 DP<br>4           4         CPU 315.2 DP<br>6           6         CPU 315.2 DP<br>100           7         CPU 315.2 DP<br>100           8         CPU 315.2 DP<br>100           9         CPU 315.2 DP<br>100           11         ANYBUS S PDP           9         CPU 315.2 DP<br>100           11         ANYBUS S PDP           9         CPU 315.2 DP<br>100           11         ANYBUS S PDP           9         CPU 315.2 DP<br>100           10         CPU 11           11         CPU 12           12         CPU 12           13         CPU 12           14         CPU 12   |   |  |
| Image: Section of the sectio | Image: Constraint of the second sec | Profile Standard  Profile Stan |
| Stat       If ANTBOSS PDF         Stat       Order number       I Address         1       0       Universal module         3       Image: Comment of the state of the s   |   | INPUT: 8 Byte (4 word)     INPUT: 16 Byte (8 word)     INPUT: 16 Byte (16 word)     INPUT: 32 Byte (16 word)   |
|   | III ANYBUS-S-PDP           Stat         I Address         Q Address           I         O         Universal module         I           2         I         Order number         I Address         Q Address           3         IIII         IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII   | INPUT: 64 Byte (32 word)<br>INPUT: 128 Byte (64 word)<br>OUTPUT: 12 Byte<br>OUTPUT: 2 Byte (1 word)<br>OUTPUT: 4 Byte (2 word)<br>OUTPUT: 4 Byte (4 word)<br>OUTPUT: 16 Byte (8 word)<br>OUTPUT: 32 Byte (16 word)<br>OUTPUT: 32 Byte (16 word)<br>OUTPUT: 28 Byte (64 word)<br>OUTPUT: 128 Byte (64 word)<br>OUTPUT: 128 Byte (64 word)<br>OUTPUT: 128 Byte (64 word)<br>PLC  |

Figure 16 Selecting the Universal Module for consistent data transfer.



In Figure 17 it is shown how to set the properties of the Universal Module. This window is opened by double clicking on the Universal Module line in the list of selected modules. The desired data type (In, Out, or In/Out) is set with the list box shown at **①**. Then the offset, length, unit and consistency settings can be done as shown at **②**. In the example below the output data length is set to 12 bytes and the input data length set to 38 bytes with consistency over the total length. The address offsets are set to 46 respective 92.

The "Data for Specific Manufacturer" shown at **3** is not used unless the device manufacturer specifies this.

| _ |   |
|---|---|
| F | perties - DP slave 🔀                    |
| ľ | ddress / ID   🚽                         |
|   | I/O Type: Direct Entry                  |
|   | -Output                                 |
|   | Address: Length: Unit: Consistent over: |
|   | Start: 46 12 Byte  Total length         |
|   |   |
|   |   |
| 0 | -Input                                  |
|   | Start 92 38 Bute Total length           |
|   | End: 129                                |
|   | □ Process Image Partition No:: 0 🖶      |
|   | -Data for Specific Manufacturer         |
|   | Maximum 14 bytes hexadecimal,           |
|   | space)                                  |
|   |   |
| [ | OK Cancel Help                          |
|   |   |

Figure 17 Specifying the properties for the Universal Module.

To read out the consistent data specified in Figure 16 and Figure 17 a PLC program has to be written that uses SFC14 and SFC15. An example of this is shown in Figure 18. These two SFC:s are included in the Step7 standard package and they also have to be imported into the active project. They can be copied from the "Standard Library" or from the CPU online. Refer to the Step7 documentation for details regarding this.

The function blocks ensure that data consistency is secured over the complete data length. Where the data is to be read or put in the process image is decided in the hardware configuration, see Figure 17.



### SFC14 Input data:

The purpose of SFC14 is to read out the data from the In area of the process image and then copy the data to another storage location.

LADDR: specifies the start byte address of the data to be read. The value is entered in Hex. In this case the start byte address is 92 (=5C Hex) which can be found at **2** in Figure 17.

RET\_VAL: Storage location for error messages. This is a Word, in this case MW4.

RECORD: This is where the data is copied to. In this case it is copied to memory byte 10 to 47. (i.e. MB10-MB47). The length must equal the length set at **2** in Figure 17.

#### SFC15 Output data:

The Purpose of SFC15 is to read the data from any storage location and then copy it to the Out area of the process image.

LADDR: specifies the start byte address of the data to be sent. The value is entered in Hex. In this case the start byte address is 46 (=2E Hex) which can be found at **2** in Figure 17.

RET\_VAL: Storage location for error messages. This is a Word, in this case MW6.

RECORD: This is where the data is read from. In this case it is read from memory byte 48-59. (i.e. MB48-MB59). The length must equal the length set at **2** in Figure 17.

The data can then be processed as desired (i.e. as byte, word, double word or bit wise) at the other storage location specified at RECORD.

In the example below (Figure 18) it is described how the PLC program can be done.



Figure 18 The use of the SFC14 and SFC15 in the PLC program.

By highlighting the SFC in the LAD-editor and then pressing "F1" the help function will start and display extended information such as error codes and syntax examples.



# 6 Anybus configuration

The Anybus product has to be configured for the same I/O sizes as set up in the PROFIBUS configuration.

**Note:** The I/O sizes are depending on the application, the configured I/O sizes in this chapter are just examples.

#### Anybus-S Slave Interface and the Anybus PCI card:

The Anybus Slave Interface and the Anybus PCI card are configured by mailbox commands. Refer to respective Fieldbus Appendix for details.

#### Anybus-IC:

The Anybus-IC is configured by the User Interface using for example the Windows Hyper Terminal. Refer to the Design Guide for details.

### **Anybus CompactCom:**

*The Anybus CompactCom is configured by messages send by the application. Refer to the Design Appendix for details.* 

#### Anybus Communicator and the Anybus X-gateway:

*The configuration of the Anybus Communicator and the Anybus X-gateway is described in separate sections below.* 



### **1.5.** Communicator configuration

Start the Anybus Communicator Config Tool. The module is configured for PROFIBUS and generic data mode as shown below. The I/O size is set to 2 bytes in this example.



Figure 20 Protocol mode configuration.

The sub network is configured as seen in the figure below. The values are left at the default except for the update time for the produce transaction, in this case it is set to 500 ms. Also the bit rate is set to 19200 bits/s.



| ABC Config Tool - \\Max1\users\ThP\Application_notes\OPC_se       | rve | r\Profibus.cfg           |          |
|---|-----|--------------------------|----------|
| <u> Eile S</u> ub-Network <u>T</u> ools <u>V</u> iew <u>H</u> elp |     |                          |          |
| D 😅 🖬 👍 🍐 📾   ½ 🖻 🖻 🗙 🎥   🖉 🔗 🛃 🗐 🖤 🗊 🗐                           |     |                          |          |
| ABC - Generic Data Mode - Profibus                                |     |                          |          |
| Devices:  | Co  | nfiguration:             |          |
|   | Al  | ohabetic Categorized     |          |
| - W Sub-Network   | Θ   | Communication            |          |
| New Node  |     | Bitrate (bits/s)         | 19200    |
| 🛱 🖂 Consume 1   |     | Data bits                | 8        |
| 🔐 Data  |     | Parity                   | None     |
|   |     | Physical standard        | RS232    |
| I 🔐 Data  |     | Stop bits                | 1        |
|   |     | EndCharacter             |          |
|   |     | End character value      | 0x00     |
|   |     | Use End character        | Disabled |
|   |     | StartCharacter           |          |
|   |     | Start character value    | 0x00     |
|   |     | Use Start character      | Disabled |
|   |     | Timing                   |          |
|   |     | Message delimiter (10us) | 100      |
|   |     |                          |          |

Figure 21 Configuration of sub network.

Two bytes of I/O data are used as shown in the figure below.



Figure 22 Configuration of I/O data.



### 1.6. X-gateway configuration

Use the HyperTerminal on a PC and configure the X-gateway, connect a serial cable between the PC and the config port on the X-gateway. Open the "File" menu and click on new, choose the desired COM port and click on OK. The following window will appear.

| сом | 1 Properties     |        | ? 🔀          |
|-----|------------------|--------|--------------|
| Por | t Settings       |        |              |
|     | Bits per second: | 57600  | ~            |
|     | Data bits:       | 8      | ~            |
|     | Parity:          | None   | ~            |
|     | Stop bits:       | 1      | ~            |
|     | Flow control:    | None   | ~            |
|     |                  | Resto  | ore Defaults |
|     | 0                | Cancel | Apply        |

Figure 23 Configuring the connection in the HyperTerminal.

Make sure the settings are identical to those shown in the window above. An alternative method is to download the HyperTerminal session file from HMS website<sup>2</sup>, double click on it and select COM port.

Connect and press ESC and the following menu will appear.

| 🗞 USB - HyperTerminal   |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| <u>Fi</u> le <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>C</u> all <u>T</u> ransfer <u>H</u> elp   |  |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |
| Anybus X-gateway main menu<br>1 - Show gateway system information<br>2 - Show fieldbus system information<br>3 - Show gateway system configuration<br>4 - Show fieldbus system configuration<br>5 - Operating status information<br>6 - Change configuration<br>7 - Configuration upload/download<br>8 - Restart Gateway<br>A - Administration mode |  |  |  |  |
| · -   |  |  |  |  |

Figure 24 Anybus X-gateway Main menu.

Press 6 and enter the desired configuration. The I/O sizes are depending on the application, the I/O sizes used in this case are just an example. The figure below shows an example; in this case a PROFIBUS Slave/ Ethernet IP X-gateway is used. The PROFIBUS Slave is configured for 10 bytes of I/O data and the EtherNet/IP Slave for 8 bytes of I/O data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> www.Anybus.com

www.anybus.com



| 🗞 USB - HyperTerminal   |    |
|---|----|
| Elle Edit View Call Transfer Help<br>口 ☞ 圖 圖 巴 否 留  |    |
| Fieldbus system configuration         PROFIBUS Slave (Upper)         Input I/O data size (bytes):       10         Output I/O data size (bytes):       10         Input Parameter data size (bytes):       0         Offline option:       Clear         Control word / Status word:       Disabled         Ethernet IP + MBTCP + WEB Slave (Lower)         Input I/O data size (bytes):       8         Output I/O data size (bytes):       8         Offline option:       Clear         Control word / Status word:       Disabled         Modbus Address Mode:       Disabled         Press ESC to continue       Press ESC to continue |    |
| Connected 0:38:10 ANSIW 57600 8-N-1 SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo  | .: |

Figure 25 The X-gateway configuration.



# 7 Testing

To verify that the Anybus module and the PLC are correctly configured it is possible to monitor the Input and Output modules in the Hardware config in the SIMATIC software. An Anybus Communicator with a loop back dongle at the serial port is used for the test. In the HW Config window, mark the Output module and open the PLC menu and select Monitor/Modify.



Figure 26 Opening the monitor/modify window.

Then enter a value in the Output module. In this case 45 is entered in the space column Modify value. To accept press the Modify value button.



| 🛍 (Moi   | nitor/Modify          | / - 1AO - | (R-/52)              |              |                     | ×            |
|----------|-----------------------|-----------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Online   | via assigned (        | CPU servi | ices                 |              |                     |              |
| Path:    | Default               | SIMATIC   | : 300(1)\CPU 315-2 F | PN/DP        |                     |              |
|          | 1                     |           |                      |              |                     |              |
|          | Address               | Symbol    |                      | Displ        | Status value        | Modify value |
| 1        | PQW 256               |           |                      | HEX          |                     | W#16#0045    |
|          |                       |           |                      |              |                     |              |
|          |                       |           |                      |              |                     |              |
|          |                       |           |                      |              |                     |              |
|          |                       |           |                      |              |                     |              |
|          |                       |           |                      |              |                     |              |
|          |                       |           |                      |              |                     |              |
|          |                       |           |                      |              |                     |              |
|          |                       |           |                      |              |                     |              |
|          |                       |           |                      |              |                     | Þ            |
| ×        | R <u>o</u> w Not Effe | otive     | Update Force S       | ymbol with l | F5                  |              |
| Run      | conditionally-        |           | -Run immediately-    |              |                     |              |
| П        | onitor                |           | 60 Status Value      |              | Enable Periph. 0    | utputs       |
|          | odifu                 |           |                      |              |                     |              |
|          | loailà                |           | Modify Value         |              | 1/O <u>D</u> isplay |              |
| <u>_</u> | <u>T</u> rigger       |           |                      |              | ٥ [                 | RUNNING      |
| C        | ose                   |           |                      |              |                     | Help         |

Figure 27 Modifying the Output module.

In the same way the Input module can be monitored. Mark the Input module a open the Monitor/Modify window. Using the correct settings the value 45 will be seen in the Input module after pressing the Status Value button.

| <b>.</b>     | 1onitor/Modif         | fy - 1AI - (R-/51)             |           |                             | ×            |
|--------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Onlir        | ne via assigned       | CPU services                   |           |                             |              |
| <u>P</u> ath | n: Default            | (\SIMATIC 300(1)\CPU 315-2 PN/ | DP        |                             |              |
|              | Address               | Symbol                         | Displ     | Status value                | Modify value |
| 1            | PIW 256               |                                | HEX       | W#16#0045                   |              |
|              |                       |                                |           |                             |              |
|              |                       |                                |           |                             |              |
|              |                       |                                |           |                             |              |
|              |                       |                                |           |                             |              |
|              |                       |                                |           |                             |              |
|              |                       |                                |           |                             |              |
|              |                       |                                |           |                             |              |
| ×            | R <u>o</u> w Not Effe | ective Update Force Symb       | ol with l | F5                          |              |
| _ Ru         | un conditionally      | Run immediately                | 1         |                             |              |
|              | <u>M</u> onitor       | 60, Status Value               | Г         | <u>E</u> nable Periph. Outp | outs         |
|              | Modi <u>f</u> y       | Modify Value                   |           | 1/0 <u>D</u> isplay         |              |
| C            | ); <u>T</u> rigger    |                                |           | ۰ <u>R</u> ر                | JNNING       |
|              | Close                 |                                |           |                             | Help         |

Figure 28 Monitoring the Input module.



# Appendix

# Appendix 1 Connecting the bus cable with the D-SUB connector

The Anybus module can be mounted with several types of bus connectors. The standard connector shown below should be used in this example.



Figure 29 Standard PROFIBUS D-SUB connector







### Appendix 2 Errors and diagnostics

### The LED:s on the Anybus-S Slave module

*The LED:s on the Anybus-S Slave module have the meaning shown in Figure 31.* 



Figure 31 Indication LEDs on the Anybus-S module

| LED # | Name                    | Colour | Meaning   | Corrective actions   |
|-------|-------------------------|--------|---|--|
| 0     | Not used                |        |   |  |
| 8     | On-Line                 | Green  | Indicates that the module is On-Line on the<br>fieldbus.<br><b>Solid Green</b> - Module is On-Line and data<br>exchange is possible.<br><b>Turned Off</b> - Module is not On-Line   | No actions needed  |
| 8     | Off-Line                | Red    | Indicates that the module is Off-Line on the<br>fieldbus.<br><b>Solid Red -</b> Module is Off-Line and no data<br>exchange is possible.<br><b>Turned Off -</b> Module is not Off-Line   | Check hardware, i.e. cable<br>connection, baudrate setting<br>etc.<br>Check hardware configuration<br>in Step7 |
| 4     | Fieldbus<br>Diagnostics | Red    | Indicates certain faults on the Fieldbus side.<br>Flashing Red 1 Hz - Error in configuration:<br>IN and/or OUT length set during initialisation<br>of the module is not equal to the length set<br>during configuration of the network.<br>Flashing Red 2 Hz - Error in User Parameter<br>data: The length/contents of the User<br>Parameter data set during initialisation of the<br>module is not equal to the length/contents set<br>during configuration of the network.<br>Flashing Red 4 Hz - Error in initialisation of<br>the PROFIBUS communication ASIC.<br>Turned Off - No diagnostics present | Check hardware configuration<br>in Step7<br>If <b>Flashing Red 4 Hz</b> consult<br>HMS                         |



### Watchdog LED

*There is also a bicolour (red/green) watchdog LED on the circuit board, indicating the module status according to Figure 32.* 



Figure 32 Wtchdog LED position.

| Watchdog function                 | Colour | Frequency |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------|
| ASIC and FLASH ROM check fault    | Red    | 2Hz       |
| Module not initialised            | Green  | 2Hz       |
| Module initialised and running OK | Green  | lHz       |
| RAM check fault                   | Red    | lHz       |
| DPRAM check fault                 | Red    | 4Hz       |



### **Diagnostics in Step7**

Step7 and the HW Config program provide diagnostic possibilities via the PROFIBUS master over the network. Start with going online by clicking on the button **①** in Figure 33. Then right-click on **②** and chose "Module Information" and the diagnostic function will be started. The window **③** will be displayed and available diagnostics can be read out.

What diagnostics that is available depends on the application. In standard mode there are no application specific diagnostics available. All the standard PROFIBUS diagnostics are supported and information regarding this can be found in the online documentation of Step7. Application specific diagnostics, error codes etc. can be found in the documentation of the application.

If the message shown in the window **③** appears the reason can be the following:

- The Anybus module is not attached properly to the PROFIBUS network. Check cabling.
- The node address of the Anybus module does not match the address set in the Simatic Config program.
- The Anybus module is faulty and does not start up properly. Check the LEDs on the Anybus module.

| Station Edit Insert PLC View Options Window Help  |  |
|---|--|
|   | <u> </u>   |
| ■ 00 UR<br>1 PS 307 2A<br>2 S CPU 315-2 DP<br>X:2 DP Master<br>3 4<br>5 5<br>6 7<br>8 9                     | PROFIBUS[1]: DP master system [1]<br>PROFIBUS[1]: DP master system [1]<br>PROFIBUS[1]: DP master system [1]<br>PHOREMUTE 2<br>PHOREMUTE 2<br>PHOR |
| (1) ANYBUS-S PDP  Slot     Module 7     Order number     I Address     Q Address     Universal module     2 | General DP Slave Diagnostics       Description:     ANYBUS-S PDP       System Identification:     PROFIBUS DP       Version:     Order No. / Description   |
| 5   | DP master system: 1 Address: I 1022<br>Station: 1  |
| 3   | Status: Module configured, but not available<br>Preset/Actual mismatch:<br>(inserted and configured module types are not the same)<br>- Expected type: DP Slave (Drder No. = ???)<br>- Current type: Not available   |
| 13  |  |

Figure 33 Step7 Hardware diagnostics.



## Appendix 3 Troubleshooting network physics

The most common failure when the diagnostic tool reports "nonsense" is physical errors on the network like cable connect errors, miss contact, wrong termination etc. Some simple ways to find these errors will be mentioned here.

Data errors can occur if the PROFIBUS cable is incorrectly attached to the bus connectors. Such basic errors can be detected and remedied with the simple test method described below. The test method shown schematically in Figure 34 allows you to detect data wires which are swapped over in the bus connectors. During the test, the bus connectors must not be connected to any PROFIBUS devices. In addition, all bus terminating resistors should be removed or disabled. The tests require two 9 pin female Sub-D test connectors. Test connector 1 is provided with a single pole changeover switch, the moving contact of which is connected to the shield (case) of the test connector. The two fixed contacts are connected to pin 3 (data wire B) and pin 8 (data wire A), respectively. Test connector 2 is used to connect an Ohmmeter to the bus. During the cable tests, the two test connectors 1 and 2 are initially plugged into the two bus connectors at each end of the bus segment. The following tests can be made by taking measurements between the contacts 3 and 8 and the shield of test connector 2 while operating the changeover switch on test connector 1:

- Data cable swapped over
- Open circuit of one of the data cables
- Open circuit of the cable shield
- Short circuit between the data cables
- Short circuit between the data cables and the cable shield
- Additional bus terminating resistors inserted unintentionally





#### Figure 34 Troubleshooting the PROFIBUS network.

#### Carrying out the tests

- Configuration A: Set switch of test connector 1 to position 3 (connects pin 3 to the screen). Connect ohmmeter to test connector 2 between pin 3 and the screen.
- Configuration B: Set switch of test connector 1 to position 8 (connects pin 8 to the screen). Connect ohmmeter to test connector 2 between pin 8 and the screen.
- Configuration C: Set switch of test connector 1 to position 3 (connects pin 3 to the screen). Connect ohmmeter to test connector 2 between pin 8 and the screen.
- Configuration D: Switch position of test connector 1 is not important. Connect ohmmeter to test connector 2 between pin 3 and pin 8.

Warning: The measured value can be falsified if the ohmmeter connections are touched.







Figure 35 Test procedure 1.

#### x=110ohm/km

Test 2: Same as test 1 except configuration A and configuration B are exchanged, i.e. start with configuration B.

Test 3: Too many bus terminating resistors inserted.





In order to assess the measurements you make, it is necessary to know the loop resistance of the bus cable segment. This is dependent on the cable type used and the installed cable length. The location of a fault can be determined without opening up the bus connectors by unplugging test connector 1 and plugging it into another bus connector which is closer to test connector 2 while carrying out repeated Ohmmeter measurements at test connector 2